



Security Council

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Letter dated 15 January 2007 from the Permanent Representative of Lithuania to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

In reply to your note of 1 November 2006 and with apologies for the delay, I have the honour to submit the national report of the Republic of Lithuania to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (see annex).

(Signed) Dalius Čekuolis
Permanent Representative



Annex to the letter dated 15 January 2007 from the Permanent Representative of Lithuania to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

National Report by the Republic of Lithuania to the Security Council Committee established by pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pursuant to paragraph 11 of the Security Council resolution 1718 (2006), Lithuania submits to the Security Council the following information concerning the steps taken by the EU and nationally by Lithuania with a view to implementing effectively the provisions of paragraph 8 of the above-mentioned resolution.

Lithuania implements its policies towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea together with the other member states of the European Union. In its conclusions adopted on 17 October 2006, the Council of the European Union indicated that the EU would fully implement the provisions of all relevant UNSC Resolutions and notably of Resolution 1718 and of Resolution 1695. The Council confirmed that it would immediately take the necessary steps to that end.

On 22 November 2006, the Council of the European Union adopted Common Position 2006/795/CFSP containing provisions on embargo on arms, related materiel and other goods and technology listed by the United Nations, prohibition of procurement of the said items, ban on providing related services, embargo on luxury goods, restrictions on admission and freezing of funds and economic resources of certain persons; as well as commitment to take cooperative action to prevent illicit trafficking in nuclear, chemical or biological weapons, ballistic missiles and their means of delivery, related materials and technology. The Council Regulation regarding most of these restrictions is still pending for adoption.

Concerning national legislation regarding arms embargo, a draft resolution of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania appending the list of the states under embargo has been prepared and will be adopted by the Government in the end of January. Nevertheless, the rigorous national export control policy towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is implemented and covers restrictions of the transfers of conventional arms, dual-use goods and items related to nuclear, chemical, biological and missiles activities.

Lithuania has the following legislation requiring authorisations for the sale, supply, transfer and brokering of arms and related materials and imposing penalties in case of breaches of national procedures: Law on the Control of Strategic Goods of 29 April 2004 (as last amended on 6 April 2006); Resolution of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania No 932 "On the Approval of the Licensing Rules for Export, Import, Transit and Brokering of Strategic Goods and the Rules of Implementation of the Control of Strategic Goods" of 22 July 2004 (as last amended 29 June 2006); Law on the Implementation of Economic and Other Sanctions of 22 April 2004; Resolution of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania No 237 "On the Approval of the List of the States to which the Export or Transit of the Goods Listed in the Common Military List Is Prohibited and for which Brokering Is Prohibited in Negotiations and

Preparing and Implementing Transactions in the Goods Listed in the Common Military List Is Prohibited” of 1 March 2005 (as last amended 1 June 2006); Penal Code of the Republic of Lithuania of 26 September 2006 (as last amended on 12 December 2006) and Code on Violations of Administrative Law of the Republic of Lithuania of 13 December 1984 (as last amended on 16 November 2006).

The items subject to nuclear, chemical, biological and missiles but not listed in the European Union Common Military List and Annex I of Council Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 of 22 June 2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology are controlled under the “catch-all” provision of Article 4 of the said regulation.

Concerning embargo on luxury goods, restrictions on admission and freezing of funds and economic resources, competent Lithuanian authorities have been informed about imposed restrictive measures in order to exercise exclusive vigilance towards the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea. The information on imposed sanctions has been uploaded on the website of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Lithuania (<http://www.urm.lt/index.php?-818762405>).
